



U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D.C. 20535

ERNIE LAZAR  
APARTMENT 6  
577 SOUTH THORNHILL ROAD  
PALM SPRINGS, CA 92264 7884

June 20, 2008

Request No.: **1111784-000**  
Subject: SAC LETTER 63-27

*Rightist/Extreme  
groups  
see last page*

Dear Mr. Lazar:

This is in response to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request for information concerning SAC Letter 63-27.

One document located in FBI HQ file **66-04** consisting of 4 pages, has been reviewed pursuant to Title 5, U.S. Code Section 552. This document is being released to you in its entirety with no excisions being made by the FBI.

This completes the processing of your FOIPA request.

Sincerely yours,

David M. Hardy  
Section Chief  
Record/Information  
Dissemination Section  
Records Management Division



PERSONAL ATTENTION  
SAC LETTER NO. 63-27

**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION**

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

June 11, 1963

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

(A) PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY'S TRIP TO ITALY, GERMANY AND IRELAND - JUNE, 1963 -- Commencing on or about June 20, 1963, President Kennedy will make an official visit to Germany, preceded by a short visit to Italy and followed by a visit to Ireland. Entire trip will last about one week, but the exact dates have not been announced.

In connection with this trip all offices should be alert for any data concerning possible threats to personal safety of the President or members of his group. You should also be alert for information concerning anti-American demonstrations or any intelligence data of interest concerning this trip. Information regarding travel to Italy, Germany and Ireland of security suspects or of potentially dangerous individuals up to the time the President's visit is terminated should be immediately furnished to the Bureau.

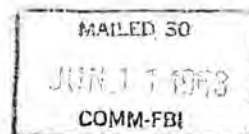
Sources and informants in a position to acquire the above-mentioned data should be alerted to the necessity for prompt reporting and the Bureau should be immediately advised if any such data is received.

Communications in this matter should be submitted under the above caption.

6/11/63  
SAC LETTER NO. 63-27

(B) INTERVIEWS -- It has been brought to our attention that interview rooms in some automobile agencies have been wired so that conversations carried on within them may be overheard. It has also been the practice in some instances to equip demonstrator models of automobiles with short-range transmitters so that conversations of potential customers may be overheard.

This information is being brought to your attention so that our Special Agents might be aware of the possibility of these practices and exercise proper caution in the event it becomes necessary to contact the personnel of automobile agencies in any official capacity.



REC- 69

67 JUN 26 1963

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 9/13/83 BY SP8 BTJ/dd

(C) PERSONNEL MATTERS - LEAVE - TRAVEL TIME -- Effective immediately, an employee who drives his personally owned automobile in effecting travel on official transfer will be granted travel time, without charge to leave, equal to the actual driving time, provided he averages a minimum of 300 miles per day for the direct route distance. The travel time starts when he departs on transfer. To illustrate this policy, the following examples are furnished:

An employee departed Washington, D. C., on a Saturday at 8 a.m., driving his personally owned automobile en route to New Orleans, Louisiana, on official transfer, and arrived at 7 p.m. the following Monday. Since he traveled 1,103 miles and his daily average was within the 300-mile requirement, no annual leave would be charged. However, if during the travel period the employee decided to stop over in Knoxville, Tennessee, for two days and therefore did not report for work in New Orleans until Thursday morning, annual leave would be charged for two days (Tuesday and Wednesday).

If the employee performs indirect travel in effecting a transfer, travel time allowable will be determined by applying the 300-mile-a-day average over the direct route distance.

Excess time involving workdays will be a charge against annual leave. As an example of this situation, an employee who departed Washington, D. C., on a Saturday for New Orleans, traveled via Miami, Florida, and reported for duty in New Orleans at the beginning of the workday the following Friday. He would only be entitled to travel time through Monday. Therefore, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday would be charged to annual leave.

(D) VIOLATIONS OF THE CRIME ABOARD AIRCRAFT STATUTE -- Although violations of the Crime Aboard Aircraft Statute, Title 49, Section 1472, U. S. Code, are criminal violations specifically assigned to the FBI, there have been indications recently that some airlines are delaying referrals of these violations to the FBI. This has seriously hampered our investigative effectiveness by preventing the immediate interviews of crew members and passengers prior to dispersal, which is of vital importance, particularly when the violation occurs in the air.

To remedy this situation, within thirty days each office is to personally contact the responsible officer of every air carrier and major terminal in its division to re-emphasize the scope of this statute, Bureau jurisdiction and the necessity of utilizing procedures which will insure all violations are reported directly and immediately to the appropriate field office. The Bureau is to be advised upon completion of these contacts.

6/11/63  
SAC LETTER NO. 63-27

(E) VENUE OVER OFFENSES NOT COMMITTED IN ANY DISTRICT, (TITLE 18, SECTION 3238, UNITED STATES CODE) CRIMES WITHIN THE MARITIME AND TERRITORIAL JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES -- On May 23, 1963, Public Law 88-27 was passed amending Title 18, Section 3238, which section provides for venue over offenses not committed within any State or district, by providing the trial of all offenses begun or committed upon the high seas, or elsewhere out of the jurisdiction of any particular State or district, shall be in the district in which the offender, or any one of two or more joint offenders, is arrested or is first brought; but if such offender or offenders are not so arrested or brought into any district, an indictment or information may be filed in the district of the last known residence of the offender or of any one of two or more joint offenders, or if no such residence is known the indictment or information may be filed in the District of Columbia.

It is now possible to prosecute joint offenders who have violated Federal Law upon the high seas or elsewhere out of the jurisdiction of any particular State or district, in any district in which either of them is arrested or first brought. Also it is possible to secure an indictment or file an information against any of such joint offenders without waiting for him to be arrested or brought into a judicial district which would suspend the running of any applicable statute of limitations.

Appropriate manual changes are being prepared.

(Security Letter on attached page)

6/11/63  
SAC LETTER NO. 63-27



✓ (F) INVESTIGATIONS OF "RIGHTIST OR EXTREMIST" GROUPS -- "Rightist or extremist" groups operating in the anticommunist field are being formed practically on a daily basis. I wish to re-emphasize the necessity for the field to be alert to, and advise the Bureau concerning, the formation and identities of such groups. The field should also be alert to the activities of such groups which come within the purview of Executive Order 10450 or are in violation of Federal statutes over which the Bureau has investigative jurisdiction. Investigations, where warranted, should be initiated and handled pursuant to Bureau policy relating to the specific substantive violation. You are reminded that anticommunism should not militate against checking on a group if it is engaged in unlawful activities in violation of Federal statutes over which the Bureau has investigative jurisdiction.

Investigations of groups in this field whose activities are not in violation of any statutes over which the Bureau has jurisdiction are not to be conducted without specific Bureau authority. A request for authority to investigate such a group should include the basis for your recommendations regarding investigation.

The above instructions should be called to the attention of all investigative personnel of your office.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

6/11/63  
SAC LETTER NO. 63-27

- 4 -